April \_\_\_\_, 2014

The Honorable Harry Reid Majority Leader United States Senate Washington, DC 20510 The Honorable Mitch McConnell Minority Leader United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

## **Re: Federal Criminal Sentencing Reform**

Dear Majority Leader Reid and Minority Leader McConnell:

As former government officials we care deeply about our nation's system of justice. During our tenure, we labored to see that justice was well served, the guilty punished and the innocent protected. We recognize the ongoing need to continue to improve how the nation deals with crime.

Significant components of our statutory framework for sentencing lie at the heart of our nation's success in confronting crime. Collectively, these sentencing measures have helped substantially to reduce crime throughout our nation over the past thirty years. A series of laws, beginning with the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984, have dramatically lessened the financial and human toll of crime on Americans. Critical to these laws has been the role of mandatory minimum sentencing and the exercise by Congress of its Constitutional prerogative to establish the minimum of years of detention served by a federal offender. While federal judges can be and are properly entrusted with great discretion, strong mandatory minimums are needed to insure both that there is a degree of consistency from judge to judge, and that differing judicial ideologies and temperaments do not produce excessively lenient sentences.

Because the Senate is now considering revisiting the subject of mandatory minimum penalties for federal drug trafficking offenses, we take this opportunity to express our personal concerns over pending legislative proposals. We are concerned specifically by proposals that would slash current mandatory minimum penalties over federal drug trafficking offenses -- by as much as fifty percent. We are deeply concerned about the impact of sentencing reductions of this magnitude on public safety. We believe the American people will be ill-served by the significant reduction of sentences for federal drug trafficking crimes that involve the sale and distribution of dangerous drugs like heroin, methamphetamines and PCP. We are aware of little public support for lowering the minimum required sentences for these extremely dangerous and sometimes lethal drugs.

Many of us once served on the front lines of justice. We have witnessed the focus of federal law enforcement upon drug trafficking – not drug <u>possession</u> offenses – and the value of mandatory minimum sentences aimed at drug trafficking offenses.

Existing law already provides escape hatches for deserving defendants facing a mandatory minimum sentence. Often, they can plea bargain their way to a lesser charge; such bargaining is overwhelmingly the way federal cases are resolved. Even if convicted under a mandatory minimum charge, however, the judge on his own can sidestep the sentence if the defendant has a minor criminal history, has not engaged in violence, was not a big-time player, and cooperates with federal authorities. This "safety valve," as it's known, has been in the law for almost 20 years. Under a separate provision of law, a defendant can avoid a mandatory minimum sentence by helping prosecutors bring his co-conspirators to justice. Prosecutors correctly regard this as an essential tool in encouraging cooperation and, thus, breaking down drug conspiracies, large criminal organizations and violent gangs.

We believe our current sentencing regimen strikes the right balance between Congressional discretion in the establishment of sentencing levels, due regard for cabined judicial discretion, and the preservation of public safety. We have made great gains in reducing crime. Our current sentencing framework has kept us safe and should be preserved.

Sincerely yours,

PLEASE JOIN OTHERS IN SIGNING-ON: Contact Dennis Boyd to add your name. Thank you. <u>dennis@assnmgrs.com</u> (800) 455-5661

## SIGNATORS AS OF APRIL 23 2014

William P. Barr Former United States Attorney General

George J. Terwilliger III Former United States Deputy Attorney General

Paul J. McNulty Former United States Deputy Attorney General and Former United States Attorney, Eastern District, Virginia

William Bennett Former Director of the White House Office of National Drug Control Policy John P. Walters Former Director of the White House Office of National Drug Control Policy

Peter Bensinger Former Administrator, Drug Enforcement Administration

Jack Lawn Former Administrator, Drug Enforcement Administration

Karen Tandy Former Administrator, Drug Enforcement Administration

Troy A. Eid Former United States Attorney, District of Colorado

Patrick Molloy Former United States Attorney, Eastern District, Kentucky

A. John Pappalardo Former United States Attorney, Massachusetts

Gregory J. Fouratt Former United States Attorney, District of New Mexico

Tim Johnson Former United States Attorney, Southern District, Texas

Ronald Woods Former United States Attorney, Southern District, Texas

Gregory G. Lockhart Former United States Attorney, Southern District, Ohio

Richard Cullen Former United States Attorney, Eastern District, Virginia

Wayne A. Rich. Jr Former United States Attorney, Southern District, West Virginia